

Amendments to the Specification:

Please substitute the replacement Abstract attached hereto as Appendix A for the originally filed Abstract.

Please replace paragraph number 0033 of the published specification (paragraph number 0029 of the filed specification) with the following:

[0033] In addition to prohibitive costs, ordinary investors possess neither the skills nor the tools necessary to create and maintain a diversified portfolio with desired risk-return characteristics. To create such a portfolio, an investor needs to understand risk as it is defined from the perspective of portfolio theory, and have the data and the mechanism for analyzing the data to employ the theory. That data then needs to be correctly employed in connection with a trading system to allow for the cost effective creation and maintenance of the portfolio. There is no brokerage (or other system) that deploys, uses and otherwise acts upon the necessary diversification information, combined with a trading system, so as to be accessible by an ordinary investor. There are, and have been a variety of systems (for example, Schwab One Source (~~www.schwab.com~~), Financial Engines (~~www.financialengines.com~~) and a new Microsoft site (~~http://beta.investor.com~~)) that provide advice to investors as to the creation of a portfolio of mutual funds based on, among other things, risk, style, performance, and ratings. These systems, however, are not designed to enable investors to purchase a portfolio of specific securities (as opposed to assisting in the purchase of a few, specific mutual funds, with all the attendant disadvantages of holding mutual funds) in a cost effective manner, or hold fractional shares in securities (as opposed to interests in funds), or obtain any of the other advantages stemming from the ability to invest directly in securities as opposed to funds, all as mentioned above and discussed further below.

Please replace paragraph number 0129 of the published specification (paragraph number 00116 of the filed specification) with the following:

[0129] In the asset allocation model 1, an investor is first queried for answers to a series of questions that determine investor data (e.g., name, address, payment information, etc.), the investor's risk tolerance and financial goals and objectives, the investor's current assets and liabilities, the investor's current and expected income and current and expected expenditures and

time frames (e.g., college education for children within 10-15 years, care of a parent within 5-10 years), the investor's preferred risk-return characteristics, the investor's preferences for various types of securities and preferred portfolio mix, and various other items. There are a variety of different outputs for the asset allocation model. One formulation is an amount that the investor should invest in long-term investments, medium-term investments, and short-term investments. The asset allocation model determines a percentage allocation in each of the general investment types according to a set of known tables. There are many existing asset allocation models, any of which can be employed in the present invention, such as that provided by Quicken.~~TM.~~TM, Mentun Investment.~~TM.~~TM from The Mentum Corporation and perhaps Financial Engines (~~www.financialengines.com~~).